

Roll No.

DD-2801

M. A./M. Sc. (Previous)
EXAMINATION, 2020

MATHEMATICS

Paper First

(Advanced Abstract Algebra)

Time : Three Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

Note : Attempt any *two* parts from each question. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit—I

1. (a) Prove that any finite P-group is solvable.
- (b) E be an extension field of a field F and $u \in E$ be algebraic over F. If $p(x) \in F(x)$ be a polynomial of the least degree such that $p(u) = 0$, then prove that :
 - (i) $p(x)$ is irreducible over F
 - (ii) If : ...

$$g(x) \in F(x)$$

is such that $g(u) = 0$, then $p(x) \mid g(x)$.

- (iii) There is exactly one monic polynomial $p(x) \in F(x)$ of least degree such that $p(u) = 0$.
- (c) If C is the field of complex numbers and R is the field of real numbers, then show that C is a normal extension of R .

Unit—II

2. (a) Show that the polynomial :

$$x^7 - 10x^5 + 15x + 5$$

is not solvable by radicals over Q .

- (b) Prove that :

$$f(x) \in F(x)$$

is solvable by radicals over F if and only if its splitting field E over F has solvable Galois group $G(E/F)$.

- (c) Let F be a field of characteristic $\neq 2$ and $x^2 - a \in F(x)$ be an irreducible polynomial over F , then prove that its Galois group is of order 2.

Unit—III

3. (a) Let R be a ring with unity. Show that an R module M is cyclic if and only if $M \cong \frac{R}{I}$ for some left ideal I of R .
- (b) If M be a finitely generated free module over a commutative ring R . Then prove all bases of M have the same number of elements.

- (c) Prove that every submodule and every quotient module of Noetherian module is Noetherian.

Unit—IV

4. (a) Let $\lambda \in F$ be a characteristic root of $T \in A(V)$. Then prove that for any polynomial $q(x) \in F(x)$, $q(\lambda)$ is a characteristic root of $q(T)$.
- (b) Let the linear transformation $T \in A_F(V)$ be nilpotent, then prove that :

$$\alpha_0 + \alpha_1 T + \alpha_2 T^2 + \dots + \alpha_m T^m$$

where $\alpha_i \in F, 0 \leq i \leq m$, is invertible if $\alpha_0 \neq 0$.

- (c) Find the Jordan Canonical form of :

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & 2 \\ -3 & 8 & 3 \\ 4 & -8 & -2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Unit—V

5. (a) Find the rational canonical form of the matrix whose invariant factors are $(x-3), (x-3)(x-1)$ and $(x-3)(x-1)^2$.
- (b) Find the Smith normal form and rank for the matrix over PID R :

$$\begin{bmatrix} -x-3 & 2 & 0 \\ 1 & -x & 1 \\ 1 & -3 & -x-2 \end{bmatrix},$$

where $R = \mathbb{Q}[x]$.

- (c) Let R be a principal ideal domain and let M be any finitely generated R module, then :

$$M \cong R^s \oplus \frac{R}{R a_1} \oplus \frac{R}{R a_2} \oplus \dots \oplus \frac{R}{R a_r}$$

a direct sum of cyclic modules where the a_i are non-zero non-units and $a_i \mid a_{i+1}, i = 1, 2, \dots, r - 1$.